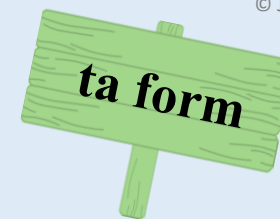


“Inazuma verb” of “ta form” (lightning)



“tsukareta” refers to the current situation, but lots of Japanese learners tend to think ' **ta-form** ' always refers to past or perfect tense. Past and perfect tenses are only part of the usages of ‘**ta-form**,’ and other usages are also used in daily life.

‘**ta-form**’ is used to **express feelings of surprise, discovery, decision, recognition, or anticipation.**

As the perception differs depending on the person and the situation, and there are no specific rules, please see this usage as “❤️ Heart expression.”

Discovery !

あります
arimasu

(to be : inanimate/existence)



I've been looking for
my cell phone since
last night.



(e.g., Oh, I found it !)

Recognition!

わかります
wakarimasu

(to get it)



(e.g., Oh, I got it!)

When you get the feeling of “**surprise, discovery, anticipation, recognition, or decision,**” express the feeling using ‘**ta-form**’!

We name these verbs “**Inazuma verb**” to make it easier to visualize, meaning that it is **the emotion of a moment**.



きた!
kita!

to come



わかった!
wakatta!

to get it



こまった!
komatta!

to be in trouble



おなかがすいた!
onaka ga sui ta!

to be hungry



まにあった!
maniatta!

to make it
(in time)



びっくりした!
bikkurishita!

to be surprised



できた!
dekita!

to do it

or

終わった!
owatta!

to do it



のどがかわいた!
nodo ga kawaita!

to be thirsty



やった!
yatta!

to make it



みえた!
mieta!

to see



きめた!
kimeta!

to decide



あった!
atta!

(inanimate)
to be/to exist



つかれた!
tsukareta!

to be(get) tired



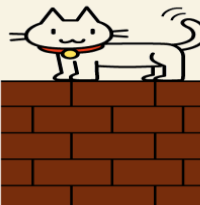
わすれた!
wasureta!

to forget



やめた!
yameta!

to quit



いた!
ita!

(animate)
to be/to exist



あきらめた!
akirameta!

to give up



おゆがわいた!
oyu ga waita!

to boil